

FIG. 1
MAC Architecture of IEEE 802.17 Lite based on MSR

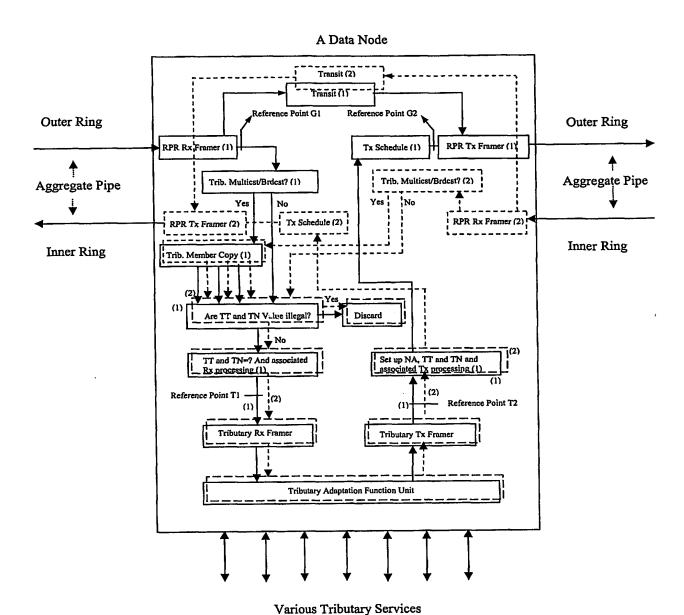


FIG. 2

Tx and Rx Diagram of a Data Node

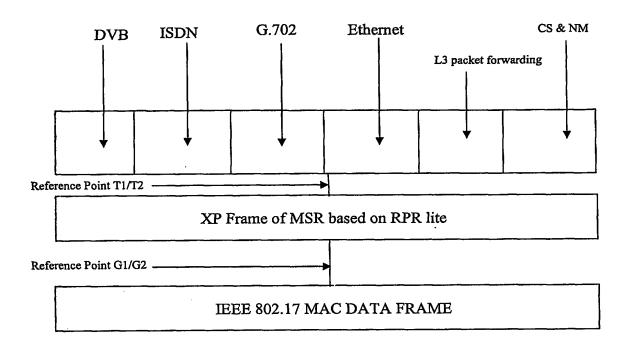
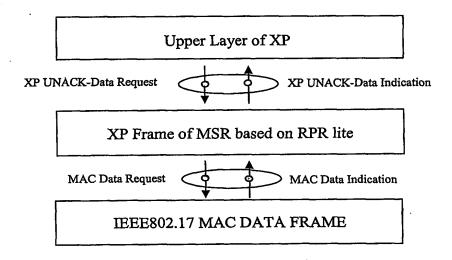
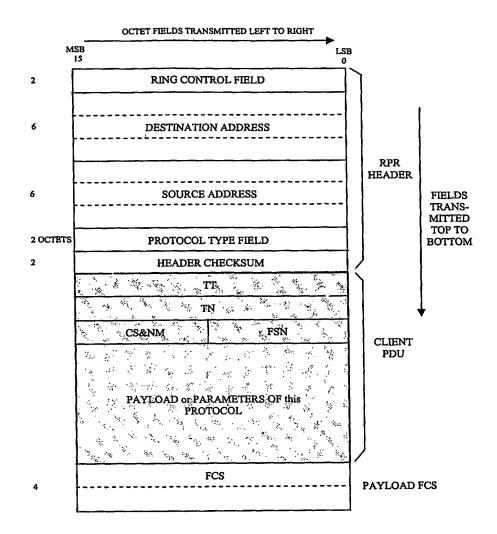


Fig. 3
Generic Protocol Stack of MSR Based on RPR Lite

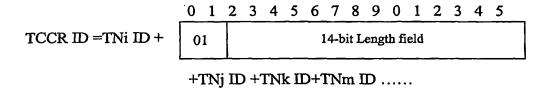


 $$\operatorname{Fig.}\,4$$ Relationship between XP and RPR MAC, Upper Layer and XP

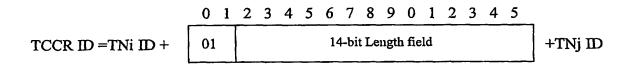


FE field = "0", PT field = "3", Protocol type field is a fixed value.

Fig. 5
Generic Frame Format



Node based multicast/broadcast Mode



Unicast Mode

Expressions of TN ID and TCCR ID

Fig. 6

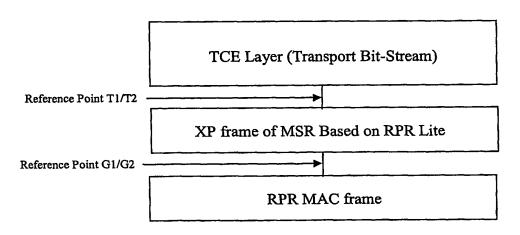


FIG. 7 TDM SERVICE CHANNEL OVER RPR MAC FRAME USING XP

Full duplex point-to-point Mode

Fig. 8

Expressions of 1+1 and 1:1 tributary protection parameters

Fig. 9

Expressions of 1:N tributary protection parameter

Full duplex point-to-point Mode

Fig. 10

Expressions of 1+1 and 1:1 tributary protection parameters

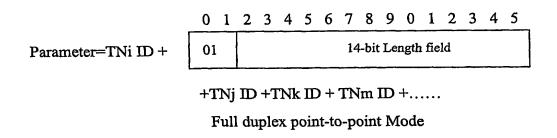
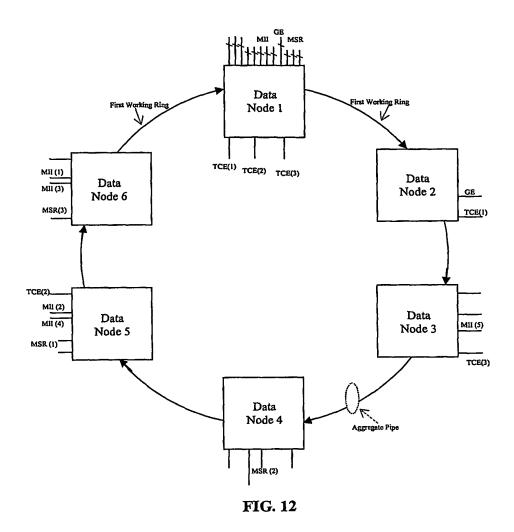
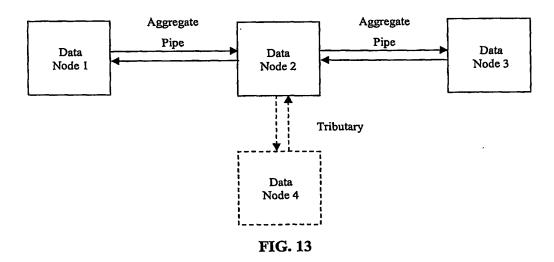


Fig. 11
Expressions of 1:N tributary protection parameter



The Single Fibre Ring of RPR



A RPR Topology, Link-type with Adding and Dropping Tributary Services

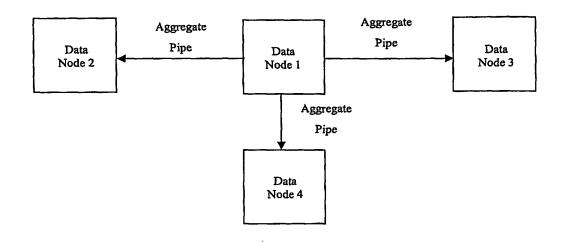


FIG. 14

A RPR Topology, Broadcast Connection to DVB Application

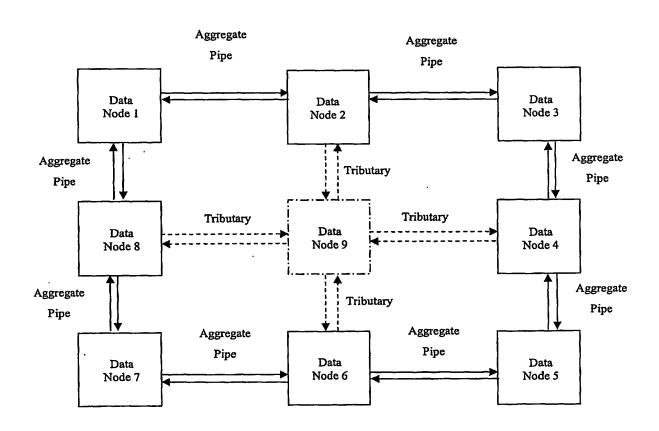


FIG. 15
A RPR Lite Topology, Pseudo-mesh Connection

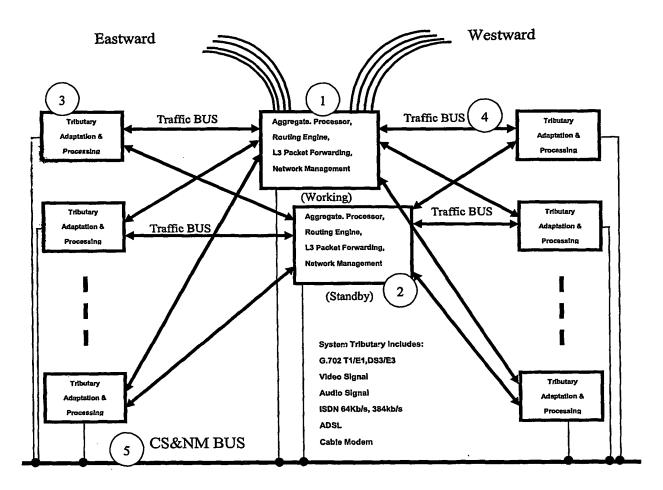


FIG. 16

The Physical Architecture of a RPR Lite node (Out-of-band CS&NM Bus)

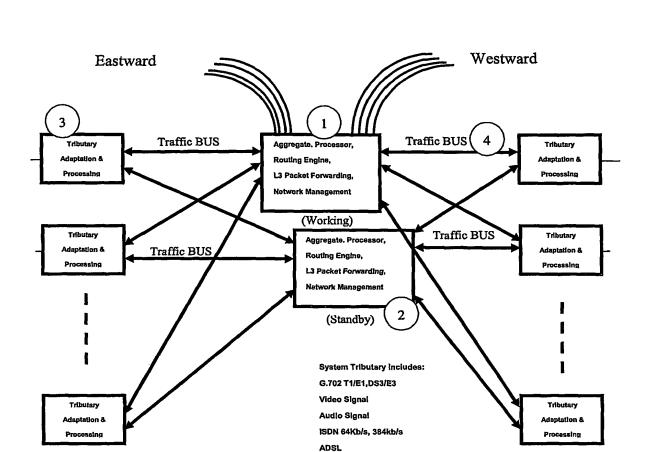


FIG. 17

The Physical Architecture of a RPR Lite node (in-band CS&NM Bus)

Cable Modem

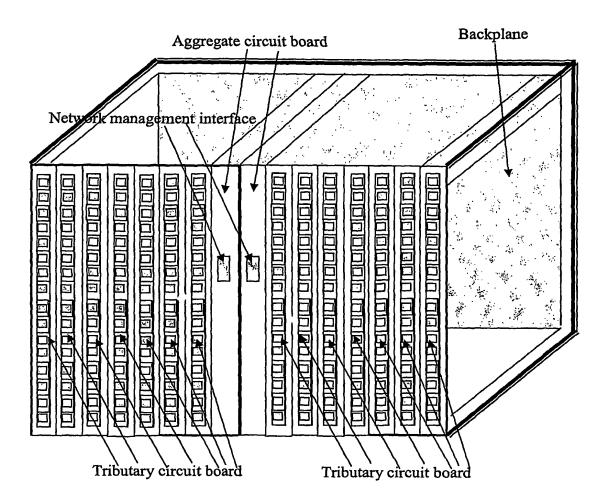


FIG. 18

Layout of system equipment of a RPR Lite node